which the management was not in a position to handle. The inmates were evicted when one of them threatened to commit suicide.

(b) There were 7 women and 2 children at the time of closure of the Home. The maximum number enrolled was 24 women and 3 children.

(c) The following amount of grants was given to AIWC by the Department of Women and Child Development for running 6 homes as under:—

Location of home	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89
		(in Rs.)	
Bapnu Ghar (New Delhi)	65,575		73,100
Midnapore (West Bengal)			1,66,000
Balasore (Orissa)			1,66,000
Puri (Orissa)			1,66,000
Shahjahanpur (U.P.)			1,66,000
Brindaban			1,66,000

(d) and (e) Yes, Sir. This Department had called for a detailed report in the matter. As an incomplete reply was received, the organisation has been requested to send clarifications. Necessary action if found necessary can be initiated only on receipt of these clarifications.

Visit of Pakistan's Minister of Interior to India

831. SHRI B. STAYANARAYAN REDDY: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Pakistan's Minister of Interior Mr. Aitaz Ahsan called on the Prime Minister and other Union Ministers of the Government of India on April 11, 1989;

(b) if so, what subjects were discussed with him; and

(c) what decisions have been taken as a result of talks held with him?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI P. V. NARASIMHA RAO): (a) to (c) During his visit to India from 8-11 April, 1989, the Interior Minister of Pakistan had discussions with the Prime Minister, External Affairs Minister and the Home Minister on bilateral and other matters of mutual interest. Both sides expressed their commitment to work for the improvement of bilateral relations between the two countries.

Withdrawal of IPKF from Sri Lanka

832. SHRI B. SATYANARAYAN REDDY: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether, in view of the latest developments and situation prevailing in Sri Lanka, Government propose to withdraw the Indian Peace Keeping Force from Sri Lanka;

(b) if so, by when and if not, what are the reasons therefor; and

(c) what is the number of IPKF personnel withdrawn so far and the number still remaining in Sri Lanka and the total number of IPKF personnel killed so far and also the number

of people, including civilians and LTTE men, killed in Sri Lanka since the entry of IPKF there?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI P. V. NARASIMHA RAO): (a) and (b) The duration of IPKF's stay in Sri Lanka is linked with the implementation of the Indo-Sri Lanka Agreement. Based on Government's assessment of the ground situation, some withdrawals have already taken place, and we have announced that substantial numbers will be withdrawn in the coming weeks. Since further withdrawals are contingent on developments on the ground, announcement of any specific time frame would not be possible.

(c) As on 15-4-1989, the strength of the IPKF in Sri Lanka as 48,000. Till that day 857 IPKF personnel had lost their lives. It is not possible to compile the statistical details of the number of militants killed and the number of civilians who have lost their lives as a consequence of LTTE's tactics of fighting from behind human shields of women and children and in densely populated urban areas.

Introduction of Helicopter service form Coimbatore to Ooty

833. SHRI K. V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to introduce Helicopter Service from Coimbatore to Ootacamund (Ooty); and

(b) if so, by when it is likely to be introduced?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI SHIVRAJ PATIL): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Do not arise.

Report of Reorganisation Committee for National Institute of Public Co-operative and Child Development New Delhi

834. SHRI SHAMIM HASHMI: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had set up a Re-organisation Committee for National Institute of Public Coop. and Child Development, New Delhi (NIPCCED) and if so, whether any report has since been submitted by it and if so, what are the salient features thereof and follow up action taken thereon; and

(b) if no report has been received till now, what are the reasons for delay and whether a time limit would be fixed for the submission of the report?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS AND WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI MARGARET ALVA): (a) No, Sir. The Government did not set up a Re-organisation Committee for the National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development (NIPCCD). However, the Executive Council of the NIPCCD had set up a Reorganisation Committee. The Sub-Committee of the Reorganisation Committee submitted its Report in February, 1988 which was accepted by the Executive Council of the NIPCCD in its meeting held on 18 February, 1988. The salient features of the Re-organisation Committee's Report are given in the enclosed Statement (*See* below).

(b) The question does not arise.

Statement

Salient Features of the Report of the Committee on Reorganisation, NIPCCD:

(i) the child should be the focal point of all the activities of the Institute;